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# **GROSS MOTOR DELAY**

### **Early Motor Milestones**

Infants and children generally follow a typical pattern of learning new body movement (motor) skills as they grow, and we call each of these new movements a *milestone*. The following list is a general guide for which motor milestones we look for, and the *average* ages at which they typically develop. It is important to note that these ages may not apply for all infants/children (e.g. premature infants).

- 6-8 months: sitting with support and then independently
- 9-10 months: standing beside furniture, pulling themselves to stand
- 12 months: walks with hands held, walks beside furniture (cruising), may be able to take a few unsupported steps
- 15 months: walking independently
- 18 months: running
- 2 years: walks up and down stairs (with non alternating feet) without assistance (but may hold hand rail or wall), jumping
- 3 years: stands on 1 foot briefly, walks upstairs with alternating feet
- 4 years: hops on 1 foot, can walk downstairs with alternating feet
- 5+ years: can learn more complex motor skills like skipping, riding a bike, swimming strokes, sport skills, etc.

#### When to Talk Your Health Care Provider

Normal development of motor milestones and gait requires coordinated development of the muscles, bones, and nervous system. If a child's development of motor milestones or gait is abnormal, it could indicate an issue in one of these systems. If you see any of the following red flags or have other concerns, please speak with your Health Care Provider.

### Red Flags for Motor Milestones

- Family history of delayed motor development or muscle disease
- Personal of famliy history of breech positioning late in pregnancy, development hip dysplasia, or there is an apparent leg length discrepancy
- Child is not following the normal progression for motor skill development
- Not sitting independently by 9 months
- Difficulty in getting up from the floor after age 1
- Not walking by 18 months
- Waddling gait after age 3
- Not jumping or standing on one foot by school age
- School-aged child who is markedly less coordinated than their peers
- Muscles appearing "bulky" (especially calf muscles)
- Loss of motor skills that the child was previously able to do



## **How to Find a Physiotherapist (PT)**

Physiotherapists are movement experts, that are educated in the science of physical function, movement, and mobility of the human body. They use specialized treatment to restore and maintain optimal function of the musculo-skeletal system. They are also very helpful when children are presenting with delays in their motor skill development.

To access publicly funding Alberta Health Services pediatric physiotherapy you can self refer to:

Pediatric Community Rehabilitation

https://www.albertahealthservices.ca/findhealth/service.aspx?ld=1060203

Phone: 403-910-2070

There are many options for private pediatric physiotherapy in Calgary. A referral from your physician is not generally required, unless it is requested by your insurance provider.

You can find a qualified Physiotherapist from the Physiotherapy Alberta website:

www.physiotherapyalberta.ca

A couple pediatric PTs we often recommend:

Calgary Youth Physiotherapy www.calgaryyouthphysio.com

Peak Health Kids https://peakhealthcalgary.com/peak-kids/