

220-5010 Richard Rd SW Calgary, AB T3E 6L1

P: 403 727 5055 F: 403 727 5011

info@infinitypediatrics.ca www.infinitypediatrics.ca

CONSTIPATION

Many children develop chronic constipation, most commonly with the introduction of solids, around toilet training, and with the start of schooling. Constipated children withhold stool because having a bowel movement is painful. This can cause larger bowel movements that are difficult to pass and enlarge the lower bowel (rectum) and cause soiling of stool in underwear. Because they cannot feel it, children usually have little control over the soiling. (See handout on Encopresis for further information about soiling)

The goal is to have one moderate-sized, soft, pudding-like consistency, painless bowel movement every day with no soiling (Bristol type 4). Most children need treatment for a minimum of 3 - 6 months. Adequate fluid intake is essential for any of the following therapies to be effective.

Fluid Intake

- Increase intake of water and other fluids
- This helps make bowel movements more frequent and regular
- The following table gives a recommended fluid intake based on weight -
- Individual fluid needs may be different. Extra fluid may be needed if you are very active, as well as during dry winter months and on hot summer days

Guidelines for Recommended Fluid Intake		
Weight	Fluid needed per day	
5 kg (11pounds)	1/2 litre = 500mL = 16 ounces	
10 kg (22 pounds)	1 litre = 1000mL = 32 ounces	
15 kg (33 pounds)	1 ¼ litre = 1250mL = 40 ounces	
20 kg (44 pounds)	1 ½ litre = 1500mL = 48 ounces	
25 -35 kg (55-77 pounds	1 ³ / ₄ litre = 1750mL = 62 ounces	
>35 k~ (>77 pounds)	>2 litres = >2000mL = >70 ounces	

Diet and Fibre Intake

Encourage your child to eat a non-constipating diet. Have your child eat plenty of fruits and vegetables every day (raw ones are best). Bran is an excellent natural laxative because it has a high fiber content. Have your child eat high fibre daily by including such foods as whole-grain cereals, bran flakes, bran muffins, or whole-wheat bread in their diet. Popcorn, nuts, shredded wheat, oatmeal, brown rice, lima beans, navy beans, chili beans, and peas are also good sources of fiber.

Only milk products (milk, cheese, yogurt, ice cream) and cooked carrots have been proven to be constipating. Your child should limit their intake of milk products to 2.5 cups or 18 oz per day.



Don't pressure your child about diet; instead, offer choices and include your child in the decisions about what foods to eat.

- Increase intake of dietary fibre
- This helps make bowel movements more frequent and regular.
- A diet high in fibre is healthy for the whole family. Choose more whole grains, vegetables, fruits and legumes such as whole wheat bread, bran cereals, broccoli, pears, berries, and baked beans.
- People who are constipated often need extra fibre
- By using the following formula, your child will eventually meet the recommended fibre intake for an adult of 25 to 35 grams per day.

Guidelines for Recommended Fibre Intake		
Age	Formula to calculate fibre needed per day	
<2 years	Gradually add foods with fibre into the diet	
>2 years	Age in years + 5 = grams of fibre to eat each day. Example for 5 year old: $5+5 = 10$ grams fibre each day	
Child with constipation	Age in years + 10 = grams of fibre to eat each day Example for 5 year old: 5 + 10 = 15 grams fibre each day	

Bathroom Routine

- Establish a daily bathroom routine.
- Within 30 minutes after each meal, have your child sit on the toilet for 5-10 minutes (may need to adjust for age). This helps make use of the body's natural reflex to empty the bowels after food enters the stomach
- If your child's feet do not touch the floor while sitting on the toilet, use a footstool to support their feet.
- Help them to learn how to push by blowing up a balloon or using a pinwheel

Behaviour Tips

- Use a calendar with stickers to keep track of bowel movements to give positive reinforcement. Or keep a stool diary.
- Praise for progress; neutrality for struggles and relapses.
- Avoid punishment and embarrassment. Remember, your child has no control over soiling episodes.
- If your child has significant behavioural problems, developmental delays, or hyperactivity, ask for resources, supports, and further assessment.



Medications

If medications are required, your pediatrician will most often recommend: Polyethylene Glycol 3350 (PEG3350, Lax-A-Day, Restoralax, Miralax) -PEG3350 is tasteless, odourless, grit-free, and gluten-free. It is very safe for use in children. It does not stimulate the bowel, won't cause "lazy bowel," and children won't become dependent on it. It acts by drawing water into the intestine, so adequate fluid intake is required.

Each brand has their own measuring device, which measures out 17 grams = 25 mL =1.5 level tablespoons. For other doses, some approximate equivalents would be:

4 grams = 5 mL = 1 level teaspoon

7.5 grams = 10 mL = 2 level teaspoons

12 grams = 15 mL = I level tablespoons

17 gm = 25ml = 1.5 level tablespoon or scoop supplied

20 grams = 30 mL = 2 level tablespoons

Mix powder in approximately ½-1 cup (125-250mL) of water or other liquid.

Step One: Cleanout

 Give high dose PEG3350 twice per day for 3 days or until bowel movements increase – dose will be provided by your pediatrician and depends on your child's weight:

Weight	Dose of PEG 3350	Frequency
7-10 kg	2 tsp in 100 mL fluid	Twice a day for 3 days
11-13 kg	3 tsp in 150 mL fluid	Twice a day for 3 days
14-19 kg	4 tsp in 200 mL fluid	Twice a day for 3 days
20-34 kg	5 tsp in 250 mL fluid	Twice a day for 3 days
35-50 kg	5 tsp in 250 mL fluid	Three times a day for 3 days
50+ kg	10 tsp in 500 mL fluid	Three times a day for 3 days

2. If no bowel movement after 4 days of high dose PEG3350, your pediatrician may recommend an enema.

Step Two: Maintainence

- 1. Continue PEG3350 once per day dose will be provided by your pediatrician and depends on your child's weight
- 2. It is okay to increase or decrease the dose with a goal of 1-2 soft bowel movements per day.
 - Increase or decrease by ¼ of a dose every 3-5 days until desired goal is achieved.



Maintenance step needs to be continued for at least 3-6months. Do not stop the PEG-3350 until instructed to do so by your pediatrician.

Continue the bathroom routine, and dietary and behavioural changes, as part of a preventative lifestyle.

Further Resouces

Video: "The Dee in You, Constin

"The Poo in You- Constipation and Encopresis Educational Video" https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SgBj7Mc_4sc

• Book:

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"The Ins and Outs of Poop- A Guide to Treating Childhood Constipation" by Thomas R Duhamel